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1	HEATHER E. WILLIAMS, #122664 Federal Defender ALEXANDRA NEGIN, #2500376 Assistant Federal Defender OFFICE OF THE FEDERAL DEFENDER 801 "I" Street, 3rd Floor Sacramento, CA 95814 916-498-5700 Lexi_negin@fd.org	
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6	Attorney for Defendant	
7	JUAN TANG	
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	) 20-MJ-96-DB
11	Plaintiff,	) ) DEFENDANT'S REPLY TO
12	v.	) GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF CONTINUED DETENTION
13	JUAN TANG,	)
14	Defendant.	) Date: July 31, 2020 ) Time: 2:00 p.m.
15	Beleficialit.	) Judge: The Honorable Deborah Barnes
16		,
17	Dr. Juan Tang, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully replies to the	
18	government's Memorandum in Support of Continued Detention and continues to request release	
19	on conditions.	
20	The government's narrative is one that assumes guilt and that facts have been litigated	
21	and proven. The government's case has not been proven. The government has made allegations	
22	and Dr. Tang is presumed to be innocent.	
23	The weight of the evidence is a factor the Court can consider and in this case the	
24	evidence is weak despite the government's continued recitation of what it believes is shown via	
25	internet websites. The government's reliance on the internet to establish facts is a dangerous	
26	precedent and the Court should still view the weight of the evidence based upon "military	
27	looking" uniforms and web pages being translated from Mandarin to English as weak.	

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The government's attempt to characterize Dr. Tang seeking help from her consulate after the FBI seized her passport as flight is illegitimately villainizing a person's right to seek help from their consulate. Our own State Department advises that in an emergency an American traveling overseas should contact their embassy. See, <a href="https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/international-travel/emergencies.html">https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/international-travel/emergencies.html</a>. Any American abroad whose passport was lost, stolen, or even taken by law enforcement would wisely go to their embassy or consulate in that country for help. It is the right of a foreign national visiting our country to seek assistance or even shelter at their embassy or consulate. It is one of the very reasons they exist. There is nothing nefarious about Dr. Tang going to her consulate for help. Given that she had given up her apartment, and had no identification, it was not unreasonable for her to stay in the consulate.

The government's baseless accusation that the Chinese consulate can and will assist Dr. Tang in leaving the country if she is released by this court is belied by the fact that they: 1) did NOT get her out of the country at a time when it would have been lawful for her leave; 2) did NOT get her out of the country after the existence of a warrant was known when arguably there was more incentive for the PRC to assist her in leaving the country; and 3) did not keep her on consulate property at a time when they knew she would be arrested if she was off consulate property.

The government's attempt to connect Dr. Tang to defendants in other cases is not supported by evidence presented to date. It amounts to anti-Chinese political propaganda and nothing more. The government presents no evidence that Dr. Tang is acting with the other defendants cited in their memorandum or that she received any of the same information alleged in the other cases. Using other defendant's cases to suggest Dr. Tang is a risk of flight is against the dictates of the Bail Reform Act which requires this Court to make an individualized assessment of the factors in Dr. Tang's case, not other defendants in other cases.

The government is wrong in stating that Dr. Tang does not have a specific residence. Dr. Tang does have housing that will be verified by Pretrial Services. Due to the media attention in

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the case, and given the anti-Chinese climate being cultivated by the federal government, counsel proposes that the location not be made public. The allegations consist of providing false information on a visa application. While the government seems to attempt to make this case out to be more, they have not come forward with any evidence to demonstrate that it is anything more. Dr. Tang's guidelines after conviction at trial are zero to six months. The Court must fashion conditions of release to assure the reappearance of Dr. Tang at future Court proceedings. Dated: July 30, 2020 Respectfully submitted, HEATHER E. WILLIAMS Federal Public Defender /s/ Lexi Negin LEXI NEGIN Attorney for Defendant Juan Tang